

Task C. Passports

Gleb is a famous competitive programming teacher from Innopolis. He is planning a trip to N programming camps in the nearest future. Each camp will be held in a different country. For each of them, Gleb needs to apply for a visa.

For each of these trips Gleb knows three integers: the number of the first day of the trip s_i , the length of the trip in days len_i , and the number of days t_i this country's consulate will take to process a visa application and stick a visa in a passport. Gleb has P ($1 \leq P \leq 2$) valid passports and is able to decide which visa he wants to put in which passport.

For each trip, Gleb will have a flight to that country early in the morning of the day s_i and will return back late in the evening of the day $s_i + len_i - 1$.

To apply for a visa on the day d , Gleb needs to be in Innopolis in the middle of this day. So he can't apply for a visa while he is on a trip, including the first and the last days. If a trip starts the next day after the end of the other one, Gleb can't apply for a visa between them as well. The earliest Gleb can apply for a visa is day 1.

After applying for a visa of country i on day d , Gleb will get his passport back in the middle of the day $d + t_i$. Consulates use delivery services, so Gleb can get his passport back even if he is not in Innopolis on this day. Gleb can apply for another visa on the same day he received his passport back, if he is in Innopolis this day.

Gleb will not be able to start his trip on day s_i if he doesn't have a passport with a visa for the corresponding country in the morning of day s_i . In particular, the passport should not be in another country's consulate for visa processing.

Help Gleb to decide which visas he needs to receive in which passport, and when he should apply for each visa.

Input

In the first line of the input there are two integers N ($1 \leq N \leq 22$) and P ($1 \leq P \leq 2$): the number of trips and the number of passports Gleb has, respectively.

The next N lines describe Gleb's trips. Each line contains three positive integers s_i , len_i , t_i ($1 \leq s_i, len_i, t_i \leq 10^9$): the first day of the trip, the length of the trip and number of days the consulate of this country needs to process a visa application. It is guaranteed that no two trips intersect.

Output

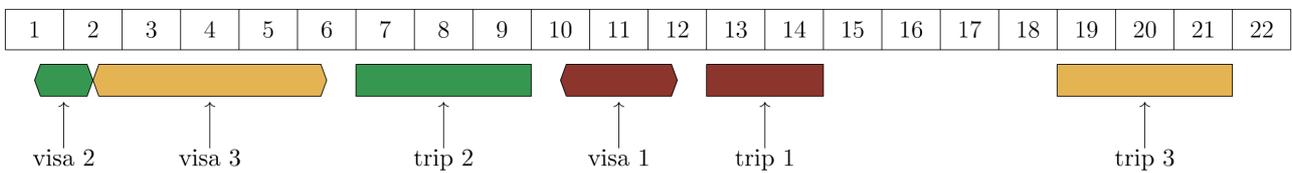
Example 2

Input:

```
3 1
13 2 2
7 3 1
19 3 4
```

Output:

```
YES
1 10
1 1
1 2
```



Example 3

Input:

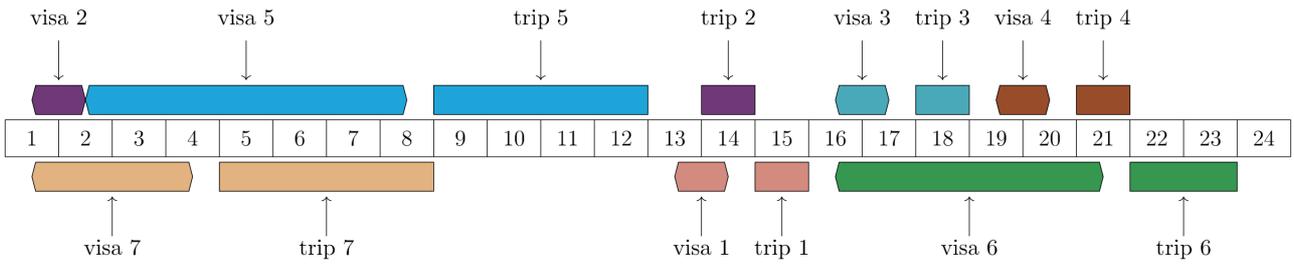
```
7 2
15 1 1
14 1 1
18 1 1
21 1 1
9 4 6
22 2 5
5 4 3
```

Output:

```
YES
2 13
1 1
1 16
1 19
1 2
2 16
2 1
```

Visa applications and trips above the time stripe are made using the first passport, visa applications and trips below the time stripe are made using the second passport.

Passport 1



Passport 2

Example 4

Input:

```
3 1  
7 3 1  
13 2 3  
19 3 4
```

Output:

NO